

**Bactericidal activity of GAMA
Healthcare Ltd. biocide determined
using the European Standard Test
method BS EN 1276:1997 against:
Vibrio cholerae NCTC 11348**

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Microbiological Tests

Test Method

British/European Standard BS EN 1276:1997. Dilution-neutralisation

Test Procedures

Full details of all the test and control procedures used are given in the Test Method

Disinfectant

GAMA Healthcare Ltd biocide as used in Clinell Universal Sanitising Wipes

Batch number: N/A

Date of delivery: June 2006

Storage conditions: 20°C – 25°C

Active substances: not specified

Appearance product dilutions: colourless, clear product solution.

Interfering Substance (Organic Challenge)

1. Simulated clean conditions:
0.3 g l⁻¹ bovine albumin (final concentration)
2. Simulated dirty conditions:
3.0 g l⁻¹ bovine albumin (final concentration)

Temperature

Ambient (25°C)

Contact Time Tested

5 (± 10 s) minute.

Test Organisms

Vibrio cholerae NCTC 11348

Culture Medium

Tryptone Soya Agar, Lab M

Incubation

Plates were incubated at 37 °C for 48-60 h

Diluent

MRD, Lab M

Neutraliser

Neutraliser, containing 60g/l Tween 80, 60g/l Saponin, 2g/l L-histidine, 2g/l L-cysteine in MRD.

General Method

A standard suspension of test organisms containing $1.5 - 5.0 \times 10^8$ cells ml⁻¹ of bacteria was prepared. 1 ml of interfering substance was pipetted into a Universal bottle, followed by 1 ml of test organism suspension. The mixture was mixed and left for 2 minutes. After 2 minutes 8 ml of the GAMA Healthcare Ltd biocide was added. After a contact time of 5 minutes, a 1 ml sample of the reaction mixture was pipetted into 9 ml of neutraliser and left for 5 minutes. A 1 ml sample was then pipetted into 2 Petri dishes and mixed with 15 ml of culture medium tempered at 47 °C. After setting, the Petri dishes were incubated at 37 °C. Colony forming units were counted after 2-3 days incubation and the fraction of surviving organisms calculated.

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Requirements of this standard

The product, when tested as stipulated under simulated clean conditions (0.3 g l⁻¹ bovine albumin) or dirty conditions (3 g l⁻¹ bovine albumin) under the test conditions of ambient temperature (23 to 25 °C), 5 minute contact, for *Vibrio cholerae* NCTC 11348, shall demonstrate at least a 5 log₁₀ reduction in viable counts.

Results¹

Results from the test are summarised in Tables 1 and 2, a full set of results can be found in Table 3.

Test Conditions	Contact Time (minutes)	Log ₁₀ Reduction Achieved
0.3 g l ⁻¹ (clean)	5	>5 ¹
3.0 g l ⁻¹ (dirty)	5	>5 ¹

Table 1. Log₁₀ reductions in *V. cholerae* viable counts following a 5 minute exposure to the test material.

Referenced Organism	Starting concentration CFU ml ⁻¹	Final concentration CFU ml ⁻¹ clean 0.3 g l ⁻¹ Bovine Albumin	Final concentration CFU ml ⁻¹ dirty 3.0 g l ⁻¹ Bovine Albumin
<i>Vibrio cholerae</i> NCTC 11348	3.1 x 10 ⁸ (273,293 ¹ , 67, 55 ²)	Plate count 0, 0. (Actual 6 log ₁₀ reduction)	Plate count 0, 0. (Actual 6 log ₁₀ reduction)

CFU = colony forming units
¹ viable count of bacterial colonies, 1 ml sample of 10⁻⁶ bacterial suspension
² viable count of bacterial colonies, 1 ml sample of 10⁻⁷ bacterial suspension

Table 2. Reductions in *V. cholerae* viable counts following a 5 minute exposure to the test material.

Interpretation of the Results

When tested against *Vibrio cholerae* NCTC 11348 with a 5 minute contact time a full strength GAMA Healthcare Ltd biocide met the requirements of the Standard under simulated clean and dirty conditions. The N_v (Appendix 1) value is slightly higher than that specified in the Standard but not sufficiently to effect the validity of the results.

Conclusion

According to EN 1276:1997, the batch provided of GAMA Healthcare biocide possesses bactericidal activity in 5 minutes at ambient temperature (23-25°C) under clean conditions (0.3g/l bovine albumin) and dirty conditions (3g/l bovine albumin) for referenced strain *Vibrio cholerae* NCTC 11348.

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¹ See Table of results in Appendix 1.

Appendix 1

Test Organism	VALIDATIONS										Bacterial Test Suspension			Test Procedure Results									
	Bacterial Suspension	Experimental Conditions Validation				Neutraliser Toxicity Control		Dilution Neutralisation Control						Clean		Dirty							
			Clean		Dirty				Clean		Dirty												
V. Cholerae NCTC 11348	Vc	293	290	291	281	Vc	302	286	Vc	259	282	253	294	10-6	273	293	Vc	<	15	15	<	15	15
	Nv	3.1E+03	A	2.9E+02	2.9E+02	B	2.9E+02	C	2.7E+02	2.7E+02					10-7	55	67	Na	<	1.5E+02	<	1.5E+02	
														N	3.1E+08		R	>	4.E+05	>	4.E+05		
Verification of Methodology					Passed	Log10 Reductions/cfu/ml								Plate	0	0	Counts	0	0	0	0		
N is between 1.5E+8 cfu/ml and 5E+8 cfu/ml, N = 3.1E+08						Clean				5.62													
Nv is between 6E+2 cfu/ml and 3E+3 cfu/ml, Nv = 3.1E+03						Dirty				5.62													
CLEAN A ≥ 0.05 x Nv when 0.05 x Nv = 1.6E+02					Yes																		
DIRTY A ≥ 0.05 x Nv when 0.05 x Nv = 1.6E+02					Yes																		
B ≥ 0.05 x Nv when 0.05 x Nv = 1.6E+02					Yes																		
CLEAN C ≥ 0.5 x B when 0.5 x B = 1.5E+02					Yes																		
DIRTY C ≥ 0.5 x B when 0.5 x B = 1.5E+02					Yes																		

Table 3. Testing of *Vibrio cholerae* NCTC 11348 the GAMA Healthcare Ltd biocide using BS EN 1276:1997.